

CHEMICALS, THE ENVIRONMENT, AND YOU**Ohio Academic Standards for Physical Science - Grade 7**

| Lesson | Standard | Description |
|--------|----------|--|
| 2, 4 | 1 | Investigate how matter can change forms but the total amount of matter remains constant. |

Ohio Academic Standards for Science and Technology – Grade 7

| Lesson | Standard | Description |
|------------|----------|---|
| 5, 6 | 1 | Explain how needs, attitudes and values influence the direction of technological development in various cultures. |
| 1, 5, 6 | 2 | Describe how decisions to develop and use technologies often put environmental and economic concerns in direct competition with each other. |
| 1, 4, 5, 6 | 3 | Recognize that science can only answer some questions and technology can only solve some human problems. |

Ohio Academic Standards for Scientific Inquiry – Grade 7

| | | |
|------------|---|--|
| 2, 3, 4 | 1 | Explain that variables and controls can affect the results of an investigation and that ideally one variable should be tested at a time; however it is not always possible to control all variables. |
| 2, 3, 4 | 2 | Identify simple independent and dependent variables. |
| 2, 3, 4, 6 | 3 | Formulate and identify questions to guide scientific investigations that connect to science concepts and can be answered through scientific investigations. |
| 2, 3, 4 | 4 | Choose the appropriate tools and instruments and use relevant safety procedures to complete scientific investigations. |
| 3, 4, 5, 6 | 5 | Analyze alternative scientific explanations and predictions and recognize that there may be more than one good way to interpret a given set of data. |
| 3, 4, 5 | 6 | Identify faulty reasoning and statements that go beyond the evidence or misinterpret the evidence. |
| 3, 4 | 7 | Use graphs, tables and charts to study physical phenomena and infer mathematical relationships between variables (e.g., speed and density). |

Ohio Academic Standards for Scientific Ways of Knowing – Grade 7

| | | |
|---|---|--|
| 3 | 1 | Show that the reproducibility of results is essential to reduce bias in scientific investigations. |
|---|---|--|

OHIO ALIGNMENT FOR NIH SUPPLEMENT CHEMICALS, THE ENVIRONMENT, AND YOU

| 3 | 2 | Describe how repetition of an experiment may reduce bias. |
|--|-------------------------------|--|
| 3, 4, 5 | 3 | Describe how the work of science requires a variety of human abilities and qualities that are helpful in daily life (e.g., reasoning, creativity, skepticism and openness). |
| Ohio Academic Standards for English Language Arts – Grade 7 | | |
| Lesson | Standard | Description |
| 1, 2, 6 | Vocabulary 1 | Define the meaning of unknown words through context clues and the author's use of comparison, contrast, definition, restatement and example. |
| 1, 2, 6 | Reading Process 4 | Summarize the information in texts, using key ideas, supporting details and referencing gaps or contradictions. |
| 1, 2, 4, 5, 6 | Reading Applications 5 | Analyze information found in maps, charts, tables, graphs, diagrams, cutaways and overlays. |
| 2, 3, 4, 5 | Writing Process 6 | Organize writing with an effective and engaging introduction, body and a conclusion that summarizes, extends or elaborates on points or ideas in the writing. |
| 2, 3, 4, 5 | Writing Process 8 | Group related ideas into paragraphs, including topic sentences following paragraph form, and maintain a consistent focus across paragraphs. |
| 2, 3, 4, 5 | Writing Process 12 | Add and delete information and details to better elaborate on a stated central idea and to more effectively accomplish purpose |
| 2, 3, 4, 5 | Writing Applications 4 | Write informational essays or reports, including research, that present a literal understanding of the topic, include specific facts, details and examples from multiple sources, and create an organizing structure appropriate to the purpose, audience and context. |
| 4, 5 | Writing Applications 5 | Write persuasive essays that establish a clear position and include relevant information to support ideas. |
| 4 | Research 1 | Generate a topic, assigned or personal interest, and open-ended questions for research and develop a plan for gathering information. |
| 2, 3, 4, 6 | Research 5 | Analyze and organize important information, and select appropriate sources to support central ideas, concepts and themes. |
| 2, 3, 4, 6 | Research 8 | Use a variety of communication techniques, including oral, visual, written or multimedia reports, to present information that supports a clear position with organized and relevant evidence about the topic or research question. |

| Ohio Academic Standards for Mathematics – Grade 7 | | |
|--|---|--|
| Lesson | Standard | Description |
| 2, 3, 4 | Number, Number Sense, and Operations 7 | Solve problems using the appropriate form of a rational number (fraction, decimal or percent). |
| 2, 3 | Measurement 4 | Solve problems involving proportional relationships and scale factors; e.g., scale models that require unit conversions within the same measurement system. |
| 2, 3 | Measurement 5 | Analyze problem situations involving measurement concepts, select appropriate strategies, and use an organized approach to solve narrative and increasingly complex problems. |
| 1, 2, 3 | Patterns, Functions and Algebra 1 | Represent and analyze patterns, rules and functions with words, tables, graphs and simple variable expressions. |
| 3 | Patterns, Functions and Algebra 5 | Represent linear equations by plotting points in the coordinate plane. |
| 2, 3 | Patterns, Functions and Algebra 8 | Use formulas in problem-solving situations. |
| 3, 4 | Patterns, Functions and Algebra 10 | Analyze linear and simple nonlinear relationships to explain how a change in one variable results in the change of another. |
| 2, 3, 4 | Data Analysis and Probability 8 | Make predictions based on theoretical probabilities, design and conduct an experiment to test the predictions, compare actual results to predicted results, and explain differences. |